

## What is Envirothon?

Envirothon is a yearly event where high school students compete against teams from schools across the state by demonstrating their knowledge of Environmental Science. Students will explore soils/land use, aquatic ecology, forestry, and wildlife as well as a current environmental issue. The top team from the state competition will compete at the North American event at Susquehanna University in July. This event prepares students to be future leaders in environmental science while forwarding their knowledge of natural resource management. Over 100 volunteers from local, state and national government natural resource management agencies, as well as experts from a variety of universities will participate to serve as planners, mentors and team resources.



## How to have a Team

Teams are made of one advisor, five students and two alternates. Each school may have two teams and one practice team. The registration fee is \$50. To participate or for more information contact New Hampshire's Envirothon Coordinator, Sue Kessler.

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## 2012 Marks the 20th Anniversary of Envirothon in New Hampshire!

### Be a Part of Envirothon!

Do you have enthusiastic students with an interest in learning about and demonstrating their knowledge of current environmental issues? Consider having a team in this year's Envirothon!

### Important Dates

**Training Day:** Students learn more about the four topics covered on the day of the event and resources which will help them prepare. Training day will be held on Saturday, March 31<sup>st</sup> at Elm Brook State Park.

**The Statewide Event:** Tentatively May 22<sup>nd</sup> at various locations in downtown Dover, NH.

**The North American Event:** July 22<sup>nd</sup>- July 28<sup>th</sup> Susquehanna University in Selinsgrove, Pennsylvania.



### The 2012 Current Issue

This year's topic is *Non-point Source Pollution/Low Impact Development*. This topic relates pollutants such as oil, fertilizers, urban chemicals, sediment, and pet waste to polluted waterways, contaminated drinking water and loss of a variety of natural habitats. It includes ways to reduce nonpoint source pollution through modifying urban areas to prevent excess runoff and ensuring that future development occurs with low impacts in mind.